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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/747,192	12/21/2000	David G. Guillot	1082-020	5573
75	90 09/03/2003			1/
JOSEPH A. WALKOWSKI			EXAMINER	
TRASKBRITT, PC P.O. BOX 2550			LEE, EDMUND H	
SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84110			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1732	
		DATE MAILED: 09/03/2003		
				<i></i>

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1		AS1
· v	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/747,192	GUILLOT, DAVID G.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	EDMUND H. LEE	1732
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cov r sh et v	vith th correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	I36(a). In no event, however, may a ly within the statutory minimum of th will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC e, cause the application to become	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. INTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09</u> .	July 2003 .	
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th	nis action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under		
Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application		
4a) Of the above claim(s) 4.5 and 8-20 is/are v	vithdrawn from considera	tion.
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,6 and 7</u> is/are rejected.		
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/c Application Papers	or election requirement.	
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	ar	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		the Examiner
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	- · ·	-
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re		
12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received in	Application No
Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bu See the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a))	
14)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	ic priority under 35 U.S.C	. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) The translation of the foreign language pro		
Attachment(s)		· ••• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 5	5) Notice o	v Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) f Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

Application/Control Number: 09/747,192 Page 2

Art Unit: 1732

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 4,5,8-20 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in Paper No. 10.

- 2. Applicant's election without traverse of claims 1,2,3,6, and 7 in Paper No. 10 is acknowledged.
- 3. It should be noted that claims 1,2,3, and 7 are generic claims of elected Group A and claim 6 is drawn to the elected species of Group A.
- 4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Bourdoncle et al (USPN 5840227). Bourdoncle et al teach the claimed process as evident at col 4, Ins 15-25; col 4, In 49; col 5, Ins 35-40; and figs 1-2h.
- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 1732

7. Claims 2, 3, 6, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bourdoncle et al (USPN 5840227) in view of the admitted prior art as set forth on pg 8, ln s 23-24 or Harvey et al (USPN 6606852). In regard to claim 2, Bourdoncle et al teach the basic claimed process including a method of insulating a case of a rocket loaded with a solid propellant (col 4, Ins 15-25; col 4, In 49; col 5, Ins 35-40; and figs 1-2h); preparing insulation from a composition comprising a crosslinkable elastomer base and carbon fibers, the composition including a liquid elastomer base in a sufficient concentration to permit the carbon fibers to be dispersed into the composition by mixing under substantially solvent-free conditions (col 4, lns 15-25; col 4, ln 49; col 5, lns 35-40; and figs 1-2h); and curing the composition to form the insulation and insulating the case of the rocket motor with the insulation (col 4, Ins 15-25; col 4, In 49; col 5, Ins 35-40; and figs 1-2h). Bourdoncle et al, however, does not teach using a crosslinkable EPDM terpolymer as the crosslinkable liquid elastomer base. Both the admitted prior art and Harvey et al teach the well-known use of liquid EPDM (e.g., TRILENE 67A) in the rocket motor insulation art. Bourdoncle et al, and the admitted prior art or Harvey et al are combinable because they are analogous with respect to insulation for rocket motors. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the crosslinkable liquid EPDM terpolymer of the admitted prior art or Harvey at al as the crosslinkable polymer of Bourdoncle et al in order to produce a durable and effective insulation layer. In regard to claim 3, Bourdoncle et al. teach applying the insulation to an interior surface of the case and interposing the insulation between the interior surface and the solid propellant (figs 1-2h). In regard to

Application/Control Number: 09/747,192

Art Unit: 1732

claim 7, Bourdoncle et al teach mixing the elastomer base with the carbon fibers in a mixer having two helical blades (col 5, lns 40-46)--as a note, this constitutes mixing the composition in a vertical-blade mixer or sigma-blade mixer. In regard to claim 6. Bourdoncle et al teach using an elastomer base that is in a liquid state (col 4, Ins 15-25; col 4, In 49; col 5, Ins 35-40; and figs 1-2h). Both the admitted prior art and Harvey et al. teach the well-known use of liquid EPDM terpolymer (e.g., TRILENE 67A) in the rocket motor insulation art. Bourdoncle et al, and the admitted prior art or Harvey et al are combinable because they are analogous with respect to insulation for rocket motors. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use the crosslinkable liquid EPDM terpolymer of the admitted prior art or Harvey at all as the crosslinkable polymer of Bourdoncle et all in order to produce a durable and effective insulation layer. The use of the well-known liquid EPDM terpolymer as the elastomer base of Bourdoncle et al constitutes more than 90 weight percent of the elastomer base being a crosslinkable liquid EPDM terpolymer. In regard to claim 7, Bourdoncle et al teach mixing the elastomer base with the carbon fibers in a mixer having two helical blades (col 5, lns 40-46). The use of a vertical-blade mixer or sigma-blade mixer is a mere obvious matter of choice dependent on the equipment availability and of little patentable consequence to the claimed process since it is not a manipulative feature or step of the claimed process. Further, the claimed mixers are well-known in the molding art for their efficiency. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use

Application/Control Number: 09/747,192 Page 5

Art Unit: 1732

either of the claimed mixers in the process of Bourdoncle et al in order to efficient mix the fibers and elastomer base of Bourdoncle et al.

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Graham et al (USPN 5821284) teach using a liquid EPDM terpolymer as part of a rotor motor insulation composition. King et al (USPN 4666763) teach preventing the breaking of fibers during a mixing process by using a solution of both solid and liquid components. The reduction of viscosity reduces breakage. GB 1301296 teaches preparing insulation for rocket propellants by using a solvent-free composition. WO 91/19754 teaches improving the chemical and heat resistance of a prepeg by using a solvent-free plastic mixture.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to EDMUND H. LEE whose telephone number is 703.305.4019. The examiner can normally be reached on MONDAY-THURSDAY FROM 9AM-4PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Colaianni can be reached on 703.305.5493. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703.308.0661.

EDMUND H. LEE

Primary Examiner Art Unit 1732

EHL